

Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana

A Division of the



Comprehensive Community Plan

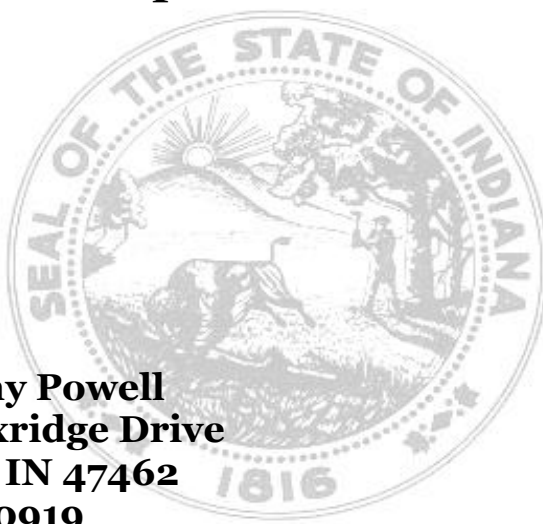
County: Lawrence

LCC: Lawrence County, Local Coordinating Council

Date Due: June 2014

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New Plan Plan Update X



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Plan Summary

Mission Statement: The purpose of the Lawrence County LCC is to prevent alcohol and substance abuse by financially supporting programs that meet needs identified by citizens of our county.

History: Lawrence County is a predominantly rural county located in the south central part of Indiana. Bedford, the county seat, has a population of 13,489 which is 29.3% of the county. Bedford is 21 miles south of Bloomington and 57 miles NW of Louisville, Kentucky. Bedford was founded as a town in 1825 and went on to become the county seat. Palestine, 4 miles south of Bedford was the original county seat. Local businessman Joseph Rawlins played an influential role in the naming of Bedford as the new county seat. It was incorporated as a city in 1889.

There are many interesting places near Bedford. The Bluespring Caverns is a system of caves that stretches for over 21 miles. The Bluespring Caverns are a popular tourist destination for people from across the country. A subterranean river runs through the caves and visitors are offered hour long boat rides through the caverns from April to October.

Mitchell, in southern Lawrence County, is 30 miles S of Bloomington and 50 miles NW of Louisville, Kentucky. The city has a population of 4,567. It is the birthplace of astronaut Gus Grissom, a Purdue University Mechanical Engineering graduate, who flew on Liberty Bell 7, Gemini 3 and died in a launch pad fire at Kennedy Space Center in 1967.

Spring Mills is part of the state park system and is located 3 miles east of Mitchell. It contains beautiful trails, an interesting cave system, a memorial to Gus Grissom and a Pioneer Village with a working grist mill.

Oolitic, is a small town 18 miles S of Bloomington and north of Bedford. Once known as "limestone," Oolitic has a population of approximately 1800. For many years, the main occupation of the people in Lawrence Co was the stone industry. Early in the nineteen hundreds, there were several stone quarries and mills producing slabs of limestone for the construction of private homes and public buildings. Oolitic limestone has been shipped all over the world and used in many of the most famous buildings know. Stone carvers of the past and present have used their talents to turn blocks of limestone into statues and monuments that now grace locations across the country.

The Local Coordinating Council for a Drug Free Lawrence County continues to have the support of a diverse and dedicated group of individuals. In a collaborative effort with others in the community, the LCC strives to increase awareness of prevention methods, treatment opportunities and consequences associated with substance abuse. The LCC members are approximately 20 individuals from various occupations who volunteer their time to educate and improve the community. The LCC has been successful in the assessment of the local alcohol and other drug abuse problems in the county, proposing objectives to help alleviate the problems and evaluating progress towards those objectives.

The Lawrence County Local Coordinating Council was established in 1989 as part of the Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana initiative. Since that time, the Council has undergone several attempts to reorganize and strengthen its membership; those efforts continue at this time. 2007 was a pivotal year for establishment of policies, practices, changes in membership, the establishment of a new grant cycle and procedures and a better working arrangement with the County Council.

The Lawrence County LCC has provided funds for various programs throughout the County. The local DARE programs, Lawrence County Jail Intervention, the Elderly and Substance Abuse, are only a small group of programs supported in the past by Lawrence County LCC. Recently added programs such as drug testing at the schools and equipment for law enforcement have assisted the county in curbing substance use. Financial support of the community's Safe Night continues.

Grant cycle and Monitoring Role of the LCC: Grant packets containing checklist, calendar of due dates, by-laws, application, midterm and final report forms and any additional items required by the Council are made available by the Secretary. Applications are collected by the Secretary on due date and copies, score sheet rubric, problem statements and objectives, and other materials are prepared for the grant review committee which consists of 4 LCC officers and a community member representing each of the 3 categories (treatment, prevention, justice). A schedule for presentations is prepared and all grantees notified by mail and phone message regarding their assigned presentation time. Each grantee is afforded an allotted amount of time to present their project and to answer questions. Grant review committee members then prepare a recommendation for the amount awarded. The recommendation is reviewed and approved by the Council with a provision for an appeal for up to 3 grantees. A second presentation of grant applications for those 3 is heard by the committee and a final allocation recommendation is approved and presented by the Treasurer to the County Council.

Summary of the Comprehensive Community Plan: Due to the continuance to strive to address our Problem Statements; this LCC will continue with little change to our Problem Statements. This LCC has looked over statistics and surveys to garner ideas and identification of the substance related issues affecting Lawrence County, its services and citizens. As a result of those efforts, this LCC submits the following two problem statements to the Governors Commission:

Problem Statement #1: Youth and adults are abusing over the counter and prescription drugs.

Problem Statement #2: Youth and adults are abusing alcohol, tobacco and illicit drugs
(marijuana, cocaine, heroin and methamphetamine).

Membership List

County LCC Name:

#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Nedra Brock Fleetwood	Probation	C	F	Justice
2	Dennis Parsley	Bedford PD	C	M	Law Enforcement
3	Aaron Shoults	Lawrence Co PD	C	M	Law Enforcement
4	Wanda Harper	ADAPT	C	F	Treatment
5	Heather Woloshen	Hoosier Hills PACT	C	F	Self-Help
6	Kathy Kuss	Hoosier Hills PACT	C	F	Self-Help
7	Greg Taylor	Lawrence Co Sheriff's Dept	C	M	Law Enforcement
8	Jim Crane	Pathways to Recovery	C	M	Treatment
9	Karen Dubois	Tobacco Coalition	C	F	Prevention
10	Kenny Bundy	Father's Forever	C	M	Prevention
11	Sam Craig	Lawrence Co Sheriff	C	M	Law Enforcement
12	Amy Kirkpatrick-Powell	LCC	C	F	Prevention
13	Becky Sprinkle	BNLHS	C	F	Education
14	Jeff Nikirk	Lawrence Co Reserves	C	M	Law Enforcement
15	Steve Gilbert	Bedford PD	C	M	Law Enforcement
16	Mike Branham	Lawrence Co Sheriff's Dep	C	M	Law Enforcement
17	Greg Taylor	Lawrence Co Sheriff's Dept	C	M	Law Enforcement
18	Katie Messmann	Lawrence Co. Probation	C	F	Prevention
19	Chad Shew	Lawrence Co. Probation	C	M	Prevention
20	Scott Wedgewood	Lawrence Co. Probation	C	M	Prevention

Problem Identification

A. Problem Statement #1: Youth and adults are abusing over-the-counter and prescription drugs

B. Supportive Data:

1. 2011 IPRC Rate survey results for the Southeast Region reports lifetime alcohol use for 7th graders is 29.6% and the State average is 26.1%. The report for 9th graders in Lawrence County is 51.6% and the State average is 51.6%.
2. According to the ATOD Survey: Ninth grade students in the Southeast region report 9.8% have used Prescription Pain Medication in their lifetime; the average for the State is 9.4%.
3. The 2010 State Epidemiological Profile reports that the number of Treatment Episodes for Prescription Drug Abuse in Lawrence County is 67 and those presenting with Prescription Drug Dependence is 27. This number includes Rx Dependence and Opioid Dependence. 2011 data was not available at this time.
4. Local Schools report in the school year 2010-2011 there were 29 youth suspended from school due to alcohol/drug use. This is an increase of 14 students in comparing the previous year.
5. In 2011, the Lawrence County Probation Department reported the juvenile records:
 - a. Illegal Consumption – 39
 - b. Possession of a Controlled substance – 9
 - c. Possession of Marijuana – 22
 - d. OWI – 6
 - e. Public Intoxication – 10
 - f. 89 juveniles were placed on probation for alcohol related offenses and drug related offenses. In 2010, there were 122 juveniles placed on probation for alcohol and drug related offenses.
6. In the year 2010, the State Excise Police conducted the “Survey for Alcohol Compliance” to monitor compliance with the minimum drinking age. There were 56 inspections and 4 outlets that failed the inspection.
7. According to the Center for Health Policy in 2010 the number of treatment admission into a hospital for substance abuse in Lawrence County:
 - a. Opioid Abuse= 18
 - b. Depressants Abuse=10
 - c. Stimulant Abuse =<5
 - d. Cocaine Abuse=11
 - e. Alcohol Use=84
 - f. Alcohol Dependence= 67

End of Year 1 Update:

1. 2012 IPRC Rate survey results for the Southeast Region reports lifetime alcohol use for 7th graders is 26.3% and the State average is 24.0%. The report for 9th graders in the Southeast Region is 50.4% and the State average is 44.7%.
2. According to the 2012 ATOD Survey: 9th grade students in the Southeast region report 7.4% have used Prescription Pain Medication in their lifetime; the average for the State is 7.9%.
3. The 2012 State Epidemiological Profile reports that the number of Treatment Episodes for Prescription Drug Abuse in Lawrence County is 156 and those presenting with Prescription Drug Dependence is 102.
4. Local Schools report in the school year 2012/2013 there were 23 youth suspended/expelled from school due to alcohol/drug use.
5. In 2012, the Lawrence County Probation Department reported the juvenile records:
 - a. Illegal Consumption – 52
 - b. Possession of a Controlled substance – 7
 - c. Possession of Marijuana – 19
 - d. OWI – 0
 - e. Public Intoxication – 10
 - f. 92 juveniles referred to probation for alcohol related offenses and drug related offenses.
6. In the year 2011, the State Excise Police conducted the “Survey for Alcohol Compliance” to monitor compliance with the minimum drinking age. There were 23 inspections and 1 outlet that failed the inspection. (this includes Jan- Sept 2011)
7. According to the Center for Health Policy in 2012 the number of treatment admission into a hospital for substance abuse in Lawrence County total is 432:
 - a. All Rx Abuse= 156
 - b. Rx Dependence= 102
 - c. Opioid Abuse= 129
 - d. Opioid Dependence= 70
 - e. Depressants Abuse= 45
 - f. Depressant Dependence= 27
 - g. Stimulant Abuse =6
 - h. Stimulant Dependence= 5
 - i. Alcohol Use=196
 - j. Alcohol Dependence=159

End of Year 2 Update:

1. 2013 IPRC Rate survey results for the Southeast Region reports lifetime alcohol use for 7th graders is 20.6% and the State average is 19.4%. The report for 9th graders in the Southeast Region is 44.5% and the State average is 39.5%.
2. According to the 2013 ATOD Survey: 9th grade students in the Southeast region report 8.6% have used Prescription Pain Medication in their lifetime; the average for the State is 7.1%.

3. The 2013 State Epidemiological Profile reports that the number of Treatment Episodes for Prescription Drug Abuse in Lawrence County is 186 and those presenting with Prescription Drug Dependence is 133.
4. No updated information collected. Local Schools report in the school year 2012/2013 there were 23 youth suspended/expelled from school due to alcohol/drug use.
5. In the year 2013, the Lawrence County Probation Department reported the juvenile records:
 - a. Illegal Consumption – 25
 - b. Possession of a Controlled substance – 5
 - c. Possession of Marijuana – 12
 - d. OWI – 1
 - e. Public Intoxication – 13
 - f. Possession of Alcohol- 4
 - g. 60 juveniles referred to probation for alcohol related offenses and drug related offenses.
6. The most recent information provided - In the year 2011, the State Excise Police conducted the “Survey for Alcohol Compliance” to monitor compliance with the minimum drinking age. There were 23 inspections and 1 outlet that failed the inspection. (this includes Jan- Sept 2011)
7. According to the Center for Health Policy in 2013 the number of treatment admission into a hospital for substance abuse in Lawrence County total is 481:
 - a. All Rx Abuse= 186
 - b. Rx Dependence= 133
 - c. Opioid Abuse= 160
 - d. Opioid Dependence= 97
 - e. Depressants Abuse= 53
 - f. Depressant Dependence= 35
 - g. Stimulant Abuse = No Update
 - h. Stimulant Dependence= No Update
 - i. Alcohol Abuse=188
 - j. Alcohol Dependence=161

Final Update (end of Year 3):

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C. Goals:

1. Decrease the number of youth misusing OTC and prescription drugs.

2. Decrease the number of adults misusing OTC and prescription drugs.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. Local Schools report in the school year 2012/2013 there were 23 youth suspended/expelled from school due to alcohol/drug use. This is an decrease of 6. In Local Schools report in the school year 2010-2011 there were 29 youth suspended from school due to alcohol/drug use.
2. In 2012, the Lawrence County Probation Department reported the juvenile records:
 - a. Illegal Consumption – 52 (increase of 13 in comparing the previous year.
 - b. Possession of a Controlled substance – 7 (decrease of 2. There were 9 in 2011)
 - c. Possession of Marijuana – 19 (this is a decrease of 3)
 - d. OWI – 0 (this is a decrease of 6)
 - e. Public Intoxication – 10
 - f. 92 juveniles referred to probation for alcohol related offenses and drug related offenses.
3. According to the Center for Health Policy in 2011 the number of treatment admission into a hospital for substance abuse in Lawrence County total is 432:

2011	2010
a. Opioid Abuse= 129	18
b. Depressants Abuse= 45	10
c. Stimulant Abuse =6	<5
d. Alcohol Use=196	84
e. Alcohol Dependence=159	67

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

1. The most recent data collected is from the prior year. Local Schools report in the school year 2012/2013 there were 23 youth suspended/expelled from school due to alcohol/drug use. This is an decrease of 6. In Local Schools report in the school year 2010-2011 there were 29 youth suspended from school due to alcohol/drug use.
2. In 2013, the Lawrence County Probation Department reported the juvenile records:
 - g. Illegal Consumption – 25 (decrease if 27 when comparing the previous year.

- h. Possession of a Controlled substance – 5 (decrease of 2. There were 7 in 2012)
 - i. Possession of Marijuana – 12 (this is a decrease of 7)
 - j. OWI – 1 (this is an increase of 1)
 - k. Public Intoxication – 13 (this is an increase of 1)
 - l. 60 juveniles referred to probation for alcohol related offenses and drug related offenses. This is a decrease of 32.
3. According to the Center for Health Policy in 2012 the number of treatment admission into a hospital for substance abuse in Lawrence County total is 481 This is an increase of 49:

2012	2011	
Opioid Abuse 160	Opioid Abuse= 129	+31
Depressant Abuse 53	Depressants Abuse= 45	+9
Stimulant Abuse- No Update	Stimulant Abuse =6	No update
Alcohol Use/Abuse 188	Alcohol Use=196	-8
Alcohol Dependence 161	Alcohol Dependence=159	+2

Final Report (end of Year 3):

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D. Objectives:

1. Educate youth and teens regarding the dangers of misusing and abusing OTC and prescription medicines by:
 - a. Partnering with the schools to educate staff and teachers with informational brochures and staff trainings emphasizing OTC and Prescription medicines.
 - b. Members of Council will present to teens in health classes
 - c. Assist the schools in providing educational handouts/pamphlets, evidence-based prevention programming and curriculums.
 - d. Work with medical and treatment providers to identify and report numbers of teens seeking treatment for medicine abuse issues
 - e. Provide information to law enforcement regarding medicine abuse and encourage use of local tracking systems to better monitor criminal activity involving medicines.
2. Educate adults regarding the danger of misusing OTC and prescription medicines:
 - a. Facilitate and conduct a town hall meeting to discuss this issue.
 - b. Engage local media in coverage of this issue by a) publishing timely informational stories; b) the topic will be addressed utilizing the local radio media through psa's and radio shows; c) develop or identify resources such

- as printed materials (brochures, flyers, posters); d) information will be posted on the Council's website.
- c. Partner with local agencies and service groups to disseminate information
- d. Provide educational materials, flyers and posters to the medical community and pharmacy facilities
- e. Provide information to law enforcement regarding medicine abuse and encourage use of local tracking system to better monitor criminal activity involving prescription medicines
- 3. Advocate with local leaders to set age restriction policies for purchasing frequently abused OTC medicines
- 4. Partner with local treatment providers to:
 - a. Financially assist with services to indigent clients
 - b. Encourage treatment providers to collect data regarding this issue
 - c. Encourage representation and participation on the Council
- 5. Partner with local service providers sharing the same concerns
- 6. Partner with local law enforcement and justice agencies to:
 - a. Fund criminal investigations and/or initiatives related to prescription and over the counter drug abuse crimes
 - b. Support training programs for law enforcement and justice personnel

End of Year 1 Update:

1. In 2012, the LCC supported prevention/educational based programs. The Bedford D.A.R.E, Lawrence County D.A.R.E Program, and SAFE NIGHT.
 - a. Bedford D.A.R.E program served 468 female students and 541 male students for a total of 1009 preschool, elementary, and middle school students. A drug abuse resistance program is an educationally based, researched proven curriculum that is taught by a trained police officer. Educating youth on the dangers of drug and alcohol abuse. This program focused specifically on Over the Counter medicine abuse and prescription drug abuse. Arming youth with the tools necessary to make the right choice, and to recognize and resist drugs. Evaluation of the program relied on arrest reporting through the police department, school reports generated as to incidents involved and pre-post testing of the students. The D.A.R.E program relies heavily on the financial support of the LCC.
 - b. The Lawrence County Police Department delivers the D.A.R.E program to the fifth and third grade students in the six North Lawrence Schools outside the City of Bedford. The students are educated about the dangers of substance abuse and the violence that often goes hand in hand. The students will learn about various types of peer pressure and will be given skills necessary to deal with them accordingly as well as how to get out of and avoid risky situations. are taught the curriculum through the use of workbooks and Cd's that D.A.R.E. has developed to address the problem of abusing these substances. These materials are purchased with grant money that comes from the LCC. Success will be measured by a comparative of pre and post test scores covering topics that were in the curriculum. At the end of the program, students are required to write an essay and given feedback.

There were approximately 500 students that benefited from this program in 2012.

- c. The SAFE NIGHT prevention event was supported by the LCC. The purpose of the event is to motivate and involve the community to promote youth to choose an alcohol, tobacco, and other drug free lifestyle. There is educational material that is handed out by a variety of businesses that volunteer their time to the annual event. According to the survey, respondents were asked to indicated which drugs and/or alcohol is a problem in the community.
2. Educate adults regarding the danger of misusing OTC and prescription medicines
 - a. The members of the LCC did search to have a Lunch and Learn in the Community. Due to changes at local Mental Health/ Substance Prevention Treatment Centers; The LCC could not get on the schedule to Host a Lunch and Learn for the Community.
 - b. In 2012, the LCC continues to have meeting announcements placed in the local newspaper with information about the Council and the meeting times/dates/agenda items. The website for the Council has information that is posted for Council members and community members to access.
 - c. SAFE NIGHT is annual prevention event. During this event the LCC has the opportunity to educate families on issues surrounding alcohol, tobacco and other drug use. Over 30 different local businesses/churches participate in setting up a booth to disseminate information on alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use.
3. The LCC did support the Pathways to Recovery Program in 2012. This programs goal is to provide group therapy and education to those that are currently or have been incarcerated due to drugs and/or alcohol abuse. There is a pre test and post test that indicates improvement at a 90% rate (The Post Test scores are better than those Pre Test). This program would not be sustained to meet the demand if the LCC did not contribute to the program.
4. The LCC did support other programs to enhance knowledge of dangers and consequences that could result from alcohol, tobacco and other drug use.
5. The Council supported training initiatives for Bedford Police Department. The Officers attended training seminars, classes and update conferences. The training schools in drug and alcohol recognition, seizure, confiscation, interdiction and evidence procedure will lead to more successful prosecutions. The Bedford City Police Department trainings will benefit those within City Limits of Bedford (15000.00)
6. Council supported training initiatives for Bedford Police Department. The Officers attended training seminars, classes and update conferences. The training schools in drug and alcohol recognition, seizure, confiscation, interdiction and evidence procedure will lead to more successful prosecutions. The Bedford City Police Department trainings will benefit those within City Limits of Bedford (15000.00).
7. Lawrence County Drug Court Support Services is a treatment/intervention program the LCC supported. The program is for both male and female offenders in Lawrence County. The target age for this program is 19 years of age and older. This program will offer closer supervision and monitoring to help participants address their substance abuse issues. There were 44 contacts made with drug court participants

through home visits. There were 306 urine drug screens and 768 breathalyzers. There were no positive breathalyzers, Urine drug screens yielded three (3) dilute, 1 positive opiate w/script, one (1) positive opiate w/o script and two (2) tested positive for synthetic THC. Twenty-one individuals were able to participate in the Relapse Prevention Program with eight of those being drug court participants.

8. In 2012, the LCC did support the Lawrence County Police Department for training initiative and safety equipment needed to reduce the likelihood injury during the execution of a drug warrant. Over 45,000 people could benefit from this project.

End of Year 2 Update:

1. In 2013, the LCC supported prevention/educational based programs. The Bedford D.A.R.E, Lawrence County D.A.R.E Program, and SAFE NIGHT.
 - a. Bedford D.A.R.E program served approximately 1009 preschool, elementary, and middle school students. A drug abuse resistance program is an educationally based, researched proven curriculum that is taught by a trained police officer. Educating youth on the dangers of drug and alcohol abuse. This program focused specifically on Over the Counter medicine abuse and prescription drug abuse. Arming youth with the tools necessary to make the right choice, and to recognize and resist drugs. Evaluation of the program relied on arrest reporting through the police department, school reports generated as to incidents involved and pre-post testing of the students. The D.A.R.E program relies heavily on the financial support of the LCC.
 - b. The Lawrence County Police Department delivers the D.A.R.E program to the fifth and third grade students in the six North Lawrence Schools outside the City of Bedford. The students are educated about the dangers of substance abuse and the violence that often goes hand in hand. The students will learn about various types of peer pressure and will be given skills necessary to deal with them accordingly as well as how to get out of and avoid risky situations. are taught the curriculum through the use of workbooks and Cd's that D.A.R.E. has developed to address the problem of abusing these substances. These materials are purchased with grant money that comes from the LCC. Success will be measured by a comparative of pre and post test scores covering topics that were in the curriculum. At the end of the program, students are required to write an essay and given feedback. There were approximately 500 students that benefited from this program in 2013.
 - c. Safe Night 2013 is a Prevention/Education Event that has been active for the past 13 years. This event is free to all that attend. The event provides a drug free message to the community. The LCC provides support for this event in an effort to better educate those in the community of the effects and consequences of Drug Use. Several LCC members participate in this event.
2. Educate adults regarding the danger of misusing OTC and prescription medicines
 - a. The members of the LCC were not able to have a lunch and learn in 2013.
 - b. In 2013, the LCC continues to have meeting announcements placed in the local newspaper with information about the Council and the meeting

times/dates/agenda items. The website for the Council has information that is posted for Council members and community members to access.

- c. In 2013, SAFE NIGHT is annual prevention event. During this event the LCC has the opportunity to educate families on issues surrounding alcohol, tobacco and other drug use. Over 30 different local businesses/churches participate in setting up a booth to disseminate information on alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use.
3. The LCC did support the Pathways to Recovery Program in 2013. The Program provides services to male and female clients. This programs goal is to provide group therapy and education to those that are currently or have been incarcerated due to drugs and/or alcohol abuse. There is a pretest and posttest that indicates improvement at a 90% rate (The Post Test scores are better than those Pre Test). This program would not be sustained to meet the demand if the LCC did not contribute to the program. This program is very solid.
4. The LCC continues to support other programs to enhance knowledge of dangers and consequences that could result from alcohol, tobacco and other drug use.
5. For the year of 2013, the Council supported training initiatives for Bedford Police Department. The Officers attended training seminars, classes and update conferences. The training schools in drug and alcohol recognition, seizure, confiscation, interdiction and evidence procedure will lead to more successful prosecutions. The Bedford City Police Department trainings will benefit those within City Limits of Bedford (15000.00)
6. In 2013 the LCC did not financially support the Lawrence County Drug Court. The Drug Court Program, did not apply for any assistance this year.
7. The LCC did not financially support any Safety Equipment of Training initiatives for the Lawrence County Police Department. The Department did not apply for grant allocations in the year of 2013.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

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A. Problem Statement #2: Youth and adults are abusing alcohol, tobacco and illicit drugs. Including: Marijuana, Cocaine, Heroin and Methamphetamine.

B. Supportive Data:

1. 2010 statistics released by the Traffic Safety division of ICJI noted that 4.2% of Collisions in the year 2010 were alcohol related. Lawrence County had 59 total alcohol related collisions. Ranking Lawrence County as 39 out of the 92 Counties in Indiana. Out of the 59 collisions there was 0 fatality, 26 personal injury and 33 property damage only.
2. In 2011, The FBI Uniform Crime Report Data in Lawrence County report:

- a. Driving Under the Influence – 196
- b. Liquor Law Violation – 96
- c. Drunkenness – 173
- d. Possession of Cocaine/Opium – 3
- e. Possession of Marijuana – 87
- f. Possession of Synthetic Narcotics – 13
- g. Other Drug Possession – 18
- h. Cocaine/Opium Sale- 17
- i. Marijuana Sale – 10
- j. Synthetic Drug Sale -3
- k. Other Sale Dangerous non-narcotic- 1

Juvenile Arrest Data:

- a. Driving Under the Influence – 3
 - b. Liquor Law Violation – 20
 - c. Drunkenness – 7
 - d. Possession of Cocaine/Opium – 1
 - e. Possession of Marijuana – 12
 - f. Possession of Synthetic Narcotics – 2
 - g. Possession of Other Drugs – 0
 - h. Manufacturing/Sale of Synthetic Drug – 1
3. Due to different reporting juvenile numbers were not available for 2011. They will be in 2012. The Bedford Police Department Report the following Juvenile arrest in 2010:
 - a. Drug violations – 17
 - b. Marijuana – 14
 - c. Synthetic – 1
 - d. Other Drugs – 2
 - e. Liquor Laws – 11
 - f. Possession – 0
 - g. OWI – 1
 - h. PI – 0
 - i. Runaways – 11 (This number updated for 2011)
 - j. Total Juvenile Clearances - 37
 4. The Bedford Police Department Report the following arrest for 2011:
 - a. Drug Abuse – 376
 - b. DWI – 58
 - c. Liquor Laws – 10
 - d. Public Intoxication – 46
 5. 2011 IPRC Rate survey results for the Southeast Region reports alcohol use in the past 30 days for 7th graders is 29.6% and the State average is 26.1.%. The report for 9th graders in Lawrence County is 51.6% and the State average is 51.6%.
 6. Local Schools report in the school year 2010-2011 there were 29 youth suspended from school for incidences involving alcohol and/or drugs. This is an increase of 14 students in comparing the previous year. In 2010, there were 15 suspended for incidences involving alcohol and/or drugs.
 7. According to the Center for Health Policy in 2010 the number of treatment admission into a hospital for substance abuse in Lawrence County:

- a. Opioid Abuse= 18
 - b. Depressants Abuse=10
 - c. Stimulant Abuse =<5
 - d. Cocaine Abuse=11
 - e. Alcohol Use=84
8. In 2011, the Lawrence County Probation Department reported the juvenile records:
 - a. Illegal Consumption – 39
 - b. Possession of a Controlled substance – 9
 - c. Possession of Marijuana – 22
 - d. OWI – 6
 - e. Public Intoxication – 10
 - f. 92 juveniles were placed on probation for alcohol related offenses and drug related offenses. In 2010, there were 122 juveniles placed on probation for alcohol and drug related offenses.
9. According to a 2011 survey presented to 239 Safe Night adult (19 and over) participants completed the survey during the event.
 - a. Respondents indicated that cigarette and alcohol use among youth is a moderate to big problem. Ninety five percent of the respondents reported talking to their children about cigarettes and alcohol consumption in the past year.
10. According to the Meth Alliance, in 2011 there were 22 Clandestine Meth Laboratory's Seized.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. 2012 statistics released by the Traffic Safety division of ICJI noted that Lawrence County had 71 total alcohol related collisions. Out of the 71 collisions there was 3 fatalities.
2. In 2012, The FBI Uniform Crime Report Data in Lawrence County report:
 - a. Driving Under the Influence – 189
 - b. Liquor Law Violation – 83
 - c. Drunkenness – 207
 - d. Possession of Cocaine/Opium – 5
 - e. Possession of Marijuana – 63
 - f. Possession of Synthetic Narcotics – 18
 - g. Other Drug Possession – 18 (not updated)
 - h. Cocaine/Opium Sale- 2
 - i. Marijuana Sale – 6
 - j. Synthetic Drug Sale -6
 - k. Other Sale Dangerous non-narcotic- 1 (not updated)
3. The Bedford Police Department Report the following Juvenile arrest in 2012:
 - a. Drug violations – 3
 - b. Marijuana – 2
 - c. Synthetic – 0
 - d. Other Drugs – 1
 - e. Liquor Laws – 5

- f. Possession – 0
 - g. OWI – 0
 - h. PI – 2
 - i. Runaways – 3
 - j. Total Juvenile Clearances - 6
4. The Bedford Police Department Report the following arrest for 2012:
 - a. Drug Abuse – 121
 - b. DWI – 50
 - c. Liquor Laws – 18
 - d. Public Intoxication – 40
5. 2012 IPRC Rate survey results for the Southeast Region reports lifetime alcohol use for 7th graders is 26.3% and the State average is 24.0%. The report for 9th graders in the Southeast Region is 50.4% and the State average is 44.7%.
6. Local Schools report in the school year 2012/2013 there were 23 youth suspended/expelled from school due to alcohol/drug use.
7. According to the Center for Health Policy in 2012 the number of treatment admission into a hospital for substance abuse in Lawrence County total is 432:
 - a. All Rx Abuse= 156
 - b. Rx Dependence= 102
 - c. Opioid Abuse= 129
 - d. Opioid Dependence= 70
 - e. Depressants Abuse= 45
 - f. Depressant Dependence= 27
 - g. Stimulant Abuse =6
 - h. Stimulant Dependence= 5
 - i. Alcohol Use=196
 - j. Alcohol Dependence=159
8. In 2012, the Lawrence County Probation Department reported the juvenile records:
 - a. Illegal Consumption – 52
 - b. Possession of a Controlled substance – 7
 - c. Possession of Marijuana – 19
 - d. OWI – 0
 - e. Public Intoxication – 10
 - f. 92 juveniles referred to probation for alcohol related offenses and drug related offenses.
9. This is the most current survey results. According to a 2011 survey presented to 239 Safe Night adult (19 and over) participants completed the survey during the event.
 - a. Respondents indicated that cigarette and alcohol use among youth is a moderate to big problem. Ninety five percent of the respondents reported talking to their children about cigarettes and alcohol consumption in the past year.
10. According to the Meth Alliance, in 2012 there were 16 Clandestine Meth Laboratory's Seized.

End of Year 2 Update:

1. The most current data available for Traffic Safety is for 2012 statistics released by the Traffic Safety division of ICJI noted that Lawrence County had 71 total alcohol related collisions. Out of the 71 collisions there was 3 fatalities.
2. In 2013, The FBI Uniform Crime Report Data in Lawrence County report:
 - a. a. Driving Under the Influence – 131
 - b. Liquor Law Violation – 65 Drunkenness – 72
 - c. Possession of Cocaine/Opium – 3
 - d. Possession of Marijuana – 71
 - e. Possession of Synthetic Narcotics – 34
 - f. Other Drug Possession – 17
 - g. Cocaine/Opium Sale- 2
 - h. Marijuana Sale – 12
 - i. Synthetic Drug Sale -3
 - j. Other Sale - 5
3. The Bedford Police Department Report the following Juvenile arrest in 2013:
 - a. Drug violations – 3
 - b. Marijuana – 2
 - c. Synthetic – 0
 - d. Other Drugs – 1
 - e. Liquor Laws – 0
 - f. Possession – 0
 - g. OWI – 0
 - h. PI – 2
 - i. Runaways – 3
 - j. Total Juvenile Clearances - 23
4. The Bedford Police Department Report the following arrest for 2012:
 - a. Drug Abuse – 97
 - b. DWI – 58
 - c. Liquor Laws – 42
 - d. Public Intoxication – 58
5. 2012 IPRC Rate survey results for the Southeast Region reports lifetime alcohol use for 8th graders is 36.6% and the State average is 32.6%. The report for 9th graders in the Southeast Region is 44.3% and the State average is 39.5%.
6. The most current data available. Local Schools report in the school year 2012/2013 there were 23 youth suspended/expelled from school due to alcohol/drug use.
7. According to the Center for Health Policy in 2013 the number of treatment admission into a hospital for substance abuse in Lawrence County total is 481:
 - a. All Rx Abuse= 186
 - b. Rx Dependence= 133
 - c. Opioid Abuse= 160
 - d. Opioid Dependence= 97
 - e. Depressants Abuse= 53
 - f. Depressant Dependence= 35
 - g. Stimulant Abuse = No Update
 - h. Stimulant Dependence= No Update
 - i. Alcohol Use=188

- j. Alcohol Dependence=161
- 8. In the year 2013, the Lawrence County Probation Department reported the juvenile records:
 - a. Illegal Consumption – 25
 - b. Possession of a Controlled substance – 5
 - c. Possession of Marijuana – 12
 - d. OWI – 1
 - e. Public Intoxication – 13
 - f. Possession of Alcohol- 4
 - g. 60 juveniles referred to probation for alcohol related offenses and drug related offenses.
- 9. This is the most current survey results. According to a 2013 survey presented to 369 Safe Night adult (19 and over) participants completed the survey during the event.
 - a. Respondents indicated that cigarette and alcohol use among youth is a big problem. Eighty-six percent of the respondents reported talking to their children about cigarettes and alcohol consumption in the past year
- 10. According to the Meth Alliance, in 2013 there were 29 Clandestine Meth Laboratory's Seized.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

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C. Goals:

- 1. Decrease the use and misuse of legal (alcohol) and illegal (marijuana, cocaine/heroin and methamphetamines) according to law enforcement arrest reports.
- 2. Decrease the number of youth being placed on Probation and being directly affected by the use of substance abuse.

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1. The Bedford Police Department Report the following Juvenile arrest in 2012:
 - a. 3 Drug violations – in 2010 there were 17
 - b. 2 Marijuana – in 2010 there were 14
 - c. 0 Synthetic – in 2010 there was 1
 - d. 1 Other Drugs – in 2010 there were 2
 - e. 5 Liquor Laws – in 2010 there were 11
 - f. Possession – 0

- g. 0 OWI – this is equal to the prior report 0
- h. 2 PI – in 2010 there were 0
- i. 3 Runaways – in 2010 there were 11
- j. 6 Total Juvenile Clearances – in 2010 there were 37
- 2. The Bedford Police Department Report the following arrest for 2012:
 - a. Drug Abuse – 121; in 2011 376
 - b. DWI – 50; in 2011 there were 58
 - c. Liquor Laws – 18; in 2011 there were 10
 - d. Public Intoxication – 40; in 2011 there were 46

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1. The Bedford Police Department Report the following Juvenile arrest in 2013:
 - a. 3 in 2013 this the same as the previous year
 - b. 2 Marijuana – this is the same as the previous year.
 - c. 0 Synthetic – this is the same as the previous year.
 - d. 1 Other Drugs – this is the same as the previous year.
 - e. 0 Liquor Laws. This is a decrease of 5 that was in 2012.
 - f. 0 Possession – This is the same as the previous year.
 - g. 0 OWI – this is equal to the prior report 0
 - h. 2 PI – This is the same as the previous year.
 - i. 3 Runaways – This is the same as the previous year.
 - j. In 2013 there were 23 clearances. This is an increase of 17. In 2012 there were 6 Total Juvenile Clearances
- 2. The Bedford Police Department Report the following arrest for 2013:
 - a. Drug Abuse 97 in 2012 there were 121
 - b. DWI – 58; in 2012 there were 50
 - c. Liquor Laws –42; in 2012 - 18
 - d. Public Intoxication –58; In 2012 there were 40

Final Report (end of Year 3):

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- 3.

D. Objectives:

- 1. Support the implementation and continuation of evidence based substance abuse programs for both youth and adults.
- 2. Advocate for additional training for law enforcement officers and justice personnel regarding substance abuse issues and resources
- 3. Support law enforcement special initiatives and patrols
- 4. Support the development or the continuation of assessment services, drug testing and treatment for the offender populations

5. Advocate for and support local substance abuse treatment/support services providers
6. Support local programs assisting victims of domestic violence and violent crimes
7. Support the development of self-help groups for teens and adults in the county
8. Encourage participation and record keeping by law enforcement and treatment providers.
9. Support the Tobacco Cessation Programs in the County.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. In 2012, the LCC supported Indiana Tobacco Prevention with funding for two programs. One program is Voice, which is a peer group that focuses on reducing tobacco use among teens through peer-to-peer educational activities. This program would not be sustained without support of the LCC. The youth will participate as a group at events such as Safe Night, Kick Butts Day and other Prevention activities in the County.
2. The second program partly funded to support the Indiana Tobacco Prevention is TEG is a program that addresses tobacco use in youth. TEG (Tobacco Education Group) is a positive alternative to suspension for those caught using tobacco in school property or at school-sponsored activities. The main goals of TEG is to provide basic information on the processes and effects of tobacco use, provide a positive alternative to suspension in schools or diversion program for the courts, motivate participants to adopt healthier lifestyles and quit using tobacco, motivate participants to join a cessation group such as TAP, and to give participants an opportunity to assess their own patterns of use and to consider the eventual effects of such patterns.
3. The Council supported training initiatives for Bedford Police Department. The Officers attended training seminars, classes and update conferences. The training schools in drug and alcohol recognition, seizure, confiscation, interdiction and evidence procedure will lead to more successful prosecutions. The Bedford City Police Department trainings will benefit those within City Limits of Bedford (15000.00)
4. Approximately 2000 students will benefit from the Program, Operation Safe Streets for Kids. A project implemented by the Lawrence County Reserves. These projects will Provide Law Enforcement presence at North Lawrence and Mitchell Community school districts in Lawrence County. Focusing on Prom, Homecoming, and Christmas dances. The Goal is to prevent the use of Alcohol, Drugs, and Tobacco before, during, and after each event. This project will deter use due to the presence of a Police Officer.
5. The LCC did support the Bedford North Lawrence High School's Random Drug Testing Policy. The purpose for the program is to provide for the health and safety of students and to undermine the effects of peer pressure by providing a legitimate reason for students to refuse use of illegal drugs. The test that is administered is a 9 panel test. Testing for the following: Alcohol, amphetamines, barbiturates, benzodiazepines, cannabinoids, cocaine, opiates, oxycodine, and phencyclidine.
6. The LCC did support the Pathways to Recovery Program in 2012. This programs goal is to provide group therapy and education to those that are currently or have been incarcerated due to drugs and/or alcohol abuse. An average of 28 inmates

- each week participated in the program. There are 7 individuals that are not incarcerated that are in the program. There is a pretest and posttest that indicates improvement at a 90% rate (The Post Test scores are better than those Pre Test). This program would not be sustained to meet the demand if the LCC did not contribute to the program.
7. The LCC continued to grant funds to Basic Offender Orientation Program is a Law Enforcement/Justice program that target medium to high risk youth offenders ages 11-18 that have been arrested for drug and alcohol offenses. The Program is a combination of physical training, accountability and education on drug/alcohol. The evaluation is a risk needs assessment that is administered prior to beginning and after completion of the program.
 8. In 2012, the LCC did support, Hoosier Hills PACT Office, working with victims of domestic violence and/or sexual assault who are also abusing alcohol and/or other drugs. The PACT Office reported there were 400 families served. One hundred percent of the victims were screened for alcohol and substance abuse issues and appropriate referrals were made. The number of men that benefited from the grant is 49, women is 240 and 313 children.

End of Year 2 Update:

1. In 2013, the LCC supported Indiana Tobacco Prevention. Program target population is youth age 12 to 18. This program addresses the self-help groups for teens in Lawrence County. Funds will be used for supplies for the program and events for youth. Voice strives to reduce tobacco usage in Lawrence County amount youth in an effort to make youth think before starting this addictive behavior.
2. The LCC did not support TEG this year. The program did not request funds from the LCC for this grant cycle.
3. In 2013, the LCC did support the Training initiative for the Bedford Police Department. The Council supported training initiatives for Bedford Police Department. The Officers attended training seminars, classes and update conferences. The training schools in drug and alcohol recognition, seizure, confiscation, interdiction and evidence procedure will lead to more successful prosecutions. The Bedford City Police Department trainings will benefit those within City Limits of Bedford (15000.00)
4. Operation Safe Kids received support from the LCC. The Lawrence County Reserves will provide foot patrol and security on and off premises, along with patrols in surrounding areas before, during and after school events. Approximately 2000 students will benefit from the Program, Focusing on Prom, Homecoming, and Christmas dances. The Goal is to prevent the use of Alcohol, Drugs, and Tobacco before, during, and after each event. This project will deter use due to the presence of a Police Officer.
5. In 2013, The LCC did support the Bedford North Lawrence High School's Random Drug Testing Policy. The purpose for the program is to provide for the health and safety of students and to undermine the effects of peer pressure by providing a legitimate reason for students to refuse use of illegal drugs. The test that is administered is a 9 panel test. Testing for the following: Alcohol,

amphetamines, barbiturates, benzodiazepines, cannabinoids, cocaine, opiates, oxycodine, and phencyclidine. The funds from the LCC will contribute to the cost of the test.

6. Pathways to Recovery - is a program that is through the Lawrence County Probation department. The Programs target population is male and female inmates. The program will address “Lifestyle of alcohol and drug use”. The goal is to educate those that have a higher risk of abuse or have used substances.
7. Basic Offender Orientation training Program continues to be supported by the Local Coordinating Council. The funds will be used for the Program to aid in reducing recidivism rates amongst juveniles in Lawrence County. Funds will be used for facilitators and contractual services. Evaluations are used to gage the progress of the program.
8. In 2013, the LCC did support, Hoosier Hills PACT Office, working with victims of domestic violence and/or sexual assault who are also abusing alcohol and/or other drugs. The support from the LCC will be used to aid in facilitation and the supplies for the program which will assess whether alcohol and/or substance abuse is a primary or secondary factor in domestically violent situations.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

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Please attach the County's Fiscal Report for review!

Next Annual Update Due: June 2015

Next Comprehensive Community Plan Due: June 2015

Date of Community Consultant Review:

Disclaimer:

You agree that the information provided within this Plan is subject to the following Terms and Conditions. These Terms and Conditions may be modified at any time and from time to time; the date of the most recent changes or revisions will be established by the Commission and sent electronically to all Local Coordinating Councils.

Terms and Conditions:

The information and data provided is presented as factual and accurate. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding the data submitted within the Plan. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

The Local Drug Free Communities Fund must be spent according to the goals identified within the plan. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding funds that are collected, allocated, and disbursed within the county. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

Initials: AP